

# Public SPARQL Endpoint

## Overview

A publicly-accessible SPARQL endpoint may be installed. It takes the form of an additional repository which contains everything in the main repository which is public (i.e. not email-addresses, phone-numbers, etc.; not un-published resources). It is affectionately known as the "sparqler" associated with this main repository. It is synchronized with its main repository on a regular basis - typically every night.

## Installation

The installation of a sparqler follows very much the same procedure as for the main repository, with one or two changes because it doesn't live at the same location. The quick-start installation procedure is as follows - additional details are the same as for the main repository.

1. In the existing eagle-i home directory (the parent of the repository home-directory, `${REPO_HOME}`) create a directory "sparqler", and set an environmental variable `${SPARQLER_HOME}`. For example, if the repository home is `/opt/eaglei/repo`, then the sparqler home would be `/opt/eaglei/sparqler`.
2. Copy the file `${REPO_HOME}/webapps/sparqler.war` to Tomcat's webapps directory.
3. Add an additional system property to `catalina.properties`:

```
org.eaglei.sparqler.home=/opt/eaglei/sparqler
```

4. Run the script `${REPO_HOME}/etc/prepare-install.sh` with an additional argument: "sparqler-users.derby" (note that the username and password for the user you create here - who administers the sparqler - these should be different from the main repository's admin-user credentials):

```
bash ${REPO_HOME}/etc/prepare-install.sh SPARQLER_USERNAME SPARQLER_PASSWORD ${REPO_HOME} sparqler-users.derby
```

5. Create and edit the repository configuration file (`${SPARQLER_HOME}/configuration.properties`) - it should be identical to the main repository's config-file, with the following two exceptions - we set:

```
eaglei.repository.sesame.dir=${sys:org.eaglei.sparqler.home}/sesame
eaglei.repository.log.dir=${sys:org.eaglei.sparqler.home}/logs
```

6. Add some properties to the files `eagle-i-apps.properties`, `eagle-i-apps-credentials.properties` (found in directories `${EAGLE_I_HOME}/conf` and possibly `${EAGLE_I_HOME}/.config`):

```
eaglei.sparqler.source.URL=https://eagle-i.myInstitution.edu/
eaglei.sparqler.target.URL=https://eagle-i.myInstitution.edu/sparqler/
eaglei.sparqler.lastSynchronizedDateFile=/eagle-i/home/sparqlerSyncDate.properties
# credentials to enable the Synchronizer to access the source and target:
eaglei.sparqler.source.user=myRepositoryUser
eaglei.sparqler.source.password=myRepositoryPassword
eaglei.sparqler.target.user=mySparqlerUser
eaglei.sparqler.target.password=mySparqlerPassword
```

7. Start up Tomcat
8. Run the script `${REPO_HOME}/etc/finish-install.sh`, using the same sparqler-admin username and password that you set up in step 1, above, when you ran the "prepare-install.sh":

```
bash ${REPO_HOME}/etc/finish-install.sh SPARQLER_USERNAME SPARQLER_PASSWORD https://localhost:8443/sparqler
```

## Synchronization

The sparqler repository keeps itself up-to-date with its source-repository by running a periodic synchronization process. This is run automatically so long as the sparqler and its source-repository are running - no intervention is required.

However, if for some reason the synchronization fails (look in `sparqler/logs/repository.log`), you can run the synchronizer manually by invoking the script `${REPO_HOME}/etc/synchronize-sparqler.sh` as follows:

```
cd /opt/eaglei  
bash repo/etc/synchronize-sparqler.sh
```

If you run on Windows (warning: this is explicitly unsupported), you should set up a Unix-like environment (e.g. Cygwin) in which to perform the installation and run the shell-scripts.